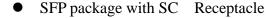
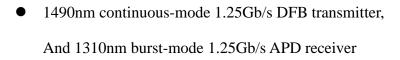


GE-PON OLT Transceiver 1.25Gbps Upstream/1.25Gbps Downstream

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Bi-directional
 1.25Gbps Upstream/1.25Gbps Downstream
- Complies with IEEE802. 3ah1000Base-PX20 application





- Single +3.3V power supply
- LVTTL Bias Control input and Rx Signal Detect output
- Laser Class 1 Product which comply with the Requirements of IEC 60825-1 and IEC 60825-2

APPLICATIONS

Gigabit Ethernet Passive Optical Network (GEPON) OLT

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

TRANSCOM's GE-PON OLT transceiver TS-EP-OLT-P is designed for Gigabit Ethernet Passive Optical Network transmission. The module is contained in a SFP package with SC/UPC receptacle connector. The module consists 1490nm DFB laser, InGaAs APD, Preamplifier and WDM filter in a high-integrated optical sub-assembly, and it receives up to 1.25Gbps of continuous data at 1310nm, and receives 1.25Gbps of burst-mode data at 1310nm. The module data link up to 20km in 9/125um single mode fiber



I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	\mathcal{C}	
Storage Ambient Humidity	H _A	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3		4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold		+5			dBm	

II. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	\mathcal{C}	Without air flow
Ambient Humidity	НА	5		95	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC			400	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			1.25		Gbps	

III. Specification of Transmitter

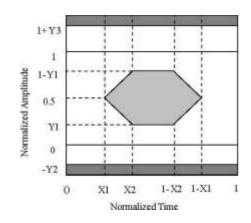
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Launched Power	Po	+2		+7	dBm	Note (1)
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Center Wavelength	λc	1480		1500	nm	
Spectrum Width (-20dB)	σ			1.0	nm	DFB Laser
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	Poff			-39	dBm	
Optical Rise/Fall Time	tr/tf			260	ps	Note (2)
Total Jitter	tı			128	ps	Note (3)
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORLT			15	dB	
Output Eye Mask {X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Y3}	Compliant with IEEE 802.3ah {0.22,0.375,0.20,0.20,0.30}					Note (4)

Note (1). Launched power (avg.) is power coupled into a single mode fiber with master connector. (Before of Life)

Note (2). These are unfiltered 20-80% values.

Note (3). Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern

Note (4). Transmitter eye mask definition





IV. Specification of Receiver

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Optical Wave	elength	λιν	1260	1310	1360	nm	APD
Receiver Sensitivit	у	Pin			-30	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Po	ower (Overload)	Psat	-8			dBm	
Signal Detect -Assert Power		PA	-45			dBm	
Signal Detect -Deassert Power		PD			-30	dBm	Note (2)
Signal Detect Hysto	Signal Detect Hysteresis			2		dB	
Data Output Rise/F	Data Output Rise/Fall time				260	ps	Note (3)
Receiver threshold setting time		Ts			400	ns	
Receiver Reflectance 1260 to 1360nm					-12	dB	Note (4)

Note (1).: Measured with Light source 1490nm, ER=9dB; BER =<10-10 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ ,This assurance should be met with asynchronous data flowing out of the optical transmitter of the ,system under test. The output data pattern from the transmitter of the system under test is a repetition of alternate 0/1 pattern as defined for this measurement.

Note (2): When Signal Detect deasserted, the data output is Low-level (fixed)

Note (3): These are 20%~80% values.

Note (4): Measured at wavelength of 1310nm.

V. Electrical Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter						
Differential line input Impedance	Rin	80	100	120	Ohm	
Differential Data Input Swing	VDT	200		1600	mV _{p-p}	Note (1)
TX_disable Input Voltage- High	$V_{Dis}H$	2		Vcc	V	I V/T/TI
TX_disable Input Voltage- Low	V_{Dis} L	0		0.8	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Fault Output-High	V_{FaultH}	2		Vcc	V	I MOTI
Transmitter Fault Output-Low	V_{FaultL}	0		0.8	V	LVTTL
Receiver		,				
Differential Data Output Swing	Vdr	400		1600	mV_{p-p}	
LOS Output Voltage-High	VLOSH	2.4		Vcc	V	
LOS Output Voltage-Low	VLOSL	0		0.4	V	Note (2)

Note (1): Internally AC coupled, but requires a 1000hm differential termination at or internal to Serializer/ Deserializer.

Note (2): When los output is high,RX out is no signal.

VI. Burst Mode Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface (DDMI) Description

TRANSCOM's GE-PON OLT transceiver support the 2-wire serial communication. The DDMI WARNING and ALARM memory positions and addresses are compliant with the SFF-8472 REV9.3 specification.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities,



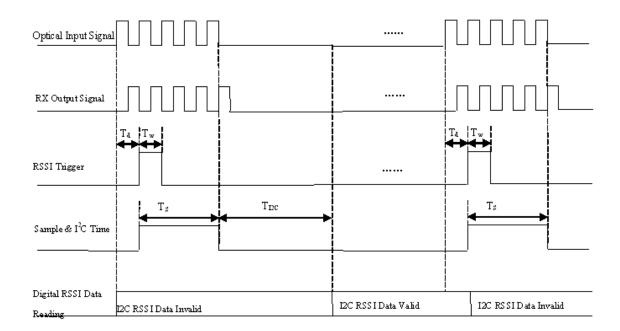
standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

The DDMI can detect TX power .RX power. Bias current. Temperature. VCC .

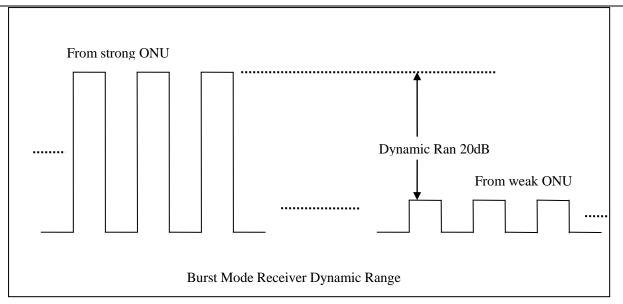
	Monitor scope	Monitor Error
TX power	-3dBm ~8 dBm	±3dBm
RX power	-8dBm~-30dBm	±3dBm
Bias	0mA~90mA	±10%
Temperature	-40℃~85℃	±5℃
Vcc	2.8V~3.8V	±5%

VII. Timing Characteristics for Digital RSSI

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYPE	MAX	Units
Trigger delay	Td	2			us
Trigger width	Tw	2	4		us
Sample time	Ts	6		500	us
I2C read time	T _{I2C}	150	200		us







VIII. Pin Description

20	VeeT
19	TD-
18	TD+
17	VeeT
16	VccT
15	VccR
14	VeeR
13	RD+
12	RD-
11	VeeR

1	VeeT
2	TxFault
3	Tx Disable
4	MOD-DEF(2)
5	MOD-DEF(1)
6	MOD-DEF(0)
7	RSSI-Trigger
8	LOS
9	VeeR
10	VeeR

Pin#	Name	Function	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	-
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	open collector/drain output,
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	2 wire serial ID interface, SDA
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	2 wire serial ID interface, SCL



Pin#	Name	Function	Notes
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	Grounded in Module
7	RSSI-Trigger		
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	DC-coupled
13	RD+	Received Data Out	DC-coupled
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
15	VccR	Receiver Power	3.3V± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	3.3V±5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	

Notes:

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module
- 2. with a $4.7 10 \text{ K} \Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

• Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

• (>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined

• High (2.0 - 3.465 V): Transmitter Disabled

• Open: Transmitter Disabled

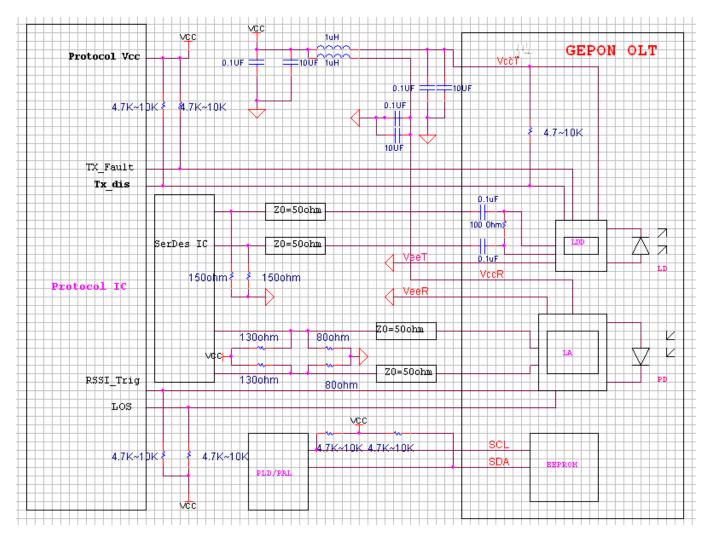
- 3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩresistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR (see Section IV for further details). Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.</p>
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V



- supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500-2400 mV (250-1200 mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250-600 mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance

IX. Recommended Interface Circuit

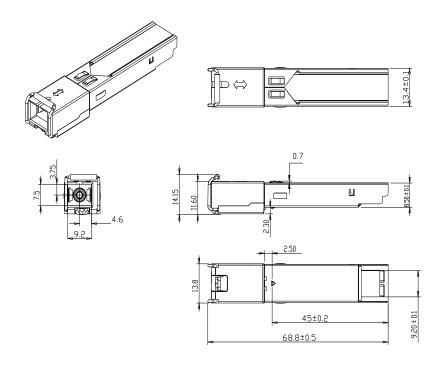
TRANSCOM GE-PON





X. Outline Dimensions

Parameter	Unit	Description	Note
Mechanical Dimensions	mm	68.8 x 13.4 x 8.5	
Connector Type	-	SC/UPC connector	IEC-61754-4



I. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022	Compatible with standards
(EMI)	Class B (CISPR 22A)	Companie with standards
Laser Eye Safety	IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards

Appendix A. Document Revision

Version No.	ion No. Date Description	
1.0	2010-09-01	Preliminary datasheet
2.0	2011-09-10	Update format and company's logo